

Technical Data Sheet

CEMFAST

General information

CEMFAST is a normal setting, rapid hardening Calcium Aluminate Cement (CAC) with high early strength. It differs substantially from the usual calcium silicate cements (Portland cements) in its manufacturing process, chemical composition and rapid strength gain. CEMFAST is composed of calcium aluminates with the following characteristics:

- high early strength
- refractoriness
- high abrasion resistance
- resistance to biogenic sulphuric acid corrosion (BSAC)

CEMFAST meets the requirements of EN 14647 for Calcium Aluminate Cements and is controlled in accordance with EN 14647.

CEMFAST has a shelf-life of approx. six (6) months when stored under dry conditions.

Production

CEMFAST is produced by melting selected raw materials (bauxite and limestone) in special kilns. After cooling, the clinker is ground using ball mills.

Technical data

The following information represents typical values for the quality control carried out in our plant.

Chemical composition (%)

SiO ₂	≤ 6
Al ₂ O ₃	37–42
Fe ₂ O ₃	12–17
CaO	36–41
MgO	< 1.5
SO ₃	< 0.4

Mineralogical composition

CEMFAST contains mainly monocalcium aluminate (CA). This mineral phase is responsible for the high early strength. When mixed with water CEMFAST forms calcium aluminate hydrates as its hydration products.

Mineral phases of CEMFAST

main mineral phase:	CA
minor mineral phases:	C ₄ AF, C ₂ AS, C ₁₂ A ₇

Cement technical properties

residue on sieve at:	90 μm < 3%
fineness (Blaine) approx.:	3700–4300 cm ² /g
bulk density approx.:	1.15 g/cm ³
specific gravity:	3.2–3.3 g/cm ³
refractoriness in cement approx.:	1270 °C

Setting time and water demand

The testing of the setting time is performed using the mortar in order to describe the behaviour of the CEMFAST in mixtures with a workable consistency. A mixture containing CEN-standard sand and using a water/cement ratio of 0.40 is produced for testing the mortar on the basis of EN 14647.

	Mortar
Initial set	0:30–2:30 h
Final set	maximum 120 min after initial set
Water demand	26 ± 2%

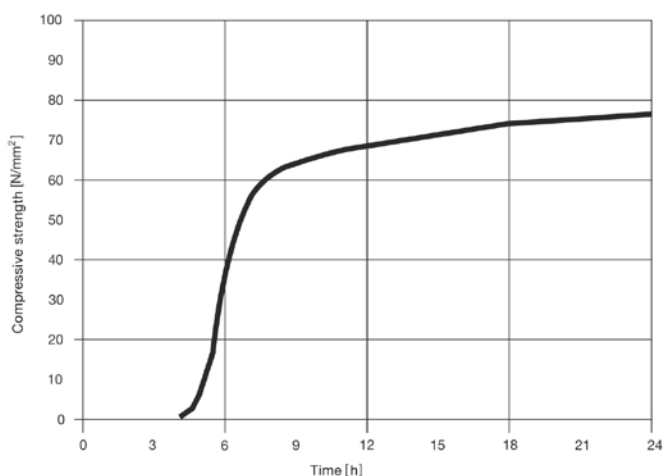
Development of strength

After setting, strength develops very rapidly. CEMFAST is a cement with very high early strength and high compressive strength. After one (1) day, the compressive strength is higher than that of high grade Portland cements CEM I 52.5 R after 28 days.

Development of strength [N/mm²]

Time	6 h	1 d
Compressive strength	>30	>60

The tests are conducted with mortar prisms 4 x 4 x 16 cm produced according to EN 14647 containing CEN-standard sand and using a water/cement ratio of 0.40.



► Resistance to corrosion

High resistance to waste waters in combination with extraordinary abrasion resistance and high resistance to biogenic sulphuric acid corrosion (BSAC) makes CEMFAST an ideal product for sewer systems and waste water plants. When CEMFAST is mixed with water, the hydration products of calcium aluminate are formed.

They are extremely resistant to aggressive, slightly acid waters (pH factor > 3) including water soluble sulphates.

► Refractoriness

After drying out, mortars and concretes made from CEMFAST slowly emit their hydrate water without destroying the matrix. At high temperatures (> 1000 °C), ceramic bonding occurs between the high alumina cement parts and the refractory aggregates. These ceramic bonds make CEMFAST an excellent binder in refractory concretes and other refractory mortars or gunning mixes.

► Quality

Like all other Calucem products, the production of CEMFAST is subject to stringent quality control. Constant monitoring of all components ensure a consistent quality. The production plant is certified according to EN ISO 9001 – certificate number CH08/1542 and the Environmental Management System EN ISO 14001 – certificate number CH08/1543.

► Safety instructions

The normal safety measures for cement must be followed. You will find further information in our safety data sheet.

As of: 09/2014

All previous technical data sheets are no longer valid.